

Supplemental Material for Active Learning based on Locally Linear Reconstruction

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APPENDIX A PROOF OF THE EQUATION (22)

Following the Sherman-Morrison-Woodbury formula, we have

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (\mu M + \Lambda_n + \Gamma_i)^{-1} \\
 &= (\mu M + \Lambda_n + \mathbf{e}_i \mathbf{e}_i^T)^{-1} \\
 &= (\mu M + \Lambda_n)^{-1} - \frac{(\mu M + \Lambda_n)^{-1} \mathbf{e}_i \mathbf{e}_i^T (\mu M + \Lambda_n)^{-1}}{1 + \mathbf{e}_i^T (\mu M + \Lambda_n)^{-1} \mathbf{e}_i} \quad (1) \\
 &= H - \frac{H \mathbf{e}_i \mathbf{e}_i^T H}{1 + \mathbf{e}_i^T H \mathbf{e}_i} \\
 &= H - \frac{H_{*i} H_{i*}}{1 + H_{ii}}
 \end{aligned}$$

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APPENDIX B PROOF OF THE EQUATION (23)

Since $H_{i*}^T = H_{*i}$, $\text{Tr}(AB) = \text{Tr}(BA)$, $\text{Tr}(A^T) = \text{Tr}(A)$ and both M and H are symmetric, we get

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \|(\mu M + \Lambda_n + \Gamma_i)^{-1} \mu M X\|_F^2 \\
 &= \mu^2 \text{Tr} \left((\mu M + \Lambda_n + \Gamma_i)^{-1} M X X^T M (\mu M + \Lambda_n + \Gamma_i)^{-1} \right) \\
 &= \mu^2 \text{Tr} \left(\left(H - \frac{H_{*i} H_{i*}}{1 + H_{ii}} \right) M X X^T M \left(H - \frac{H_{*i} H_{i*}}{1 + H_{ii}} \right) \right) \\
 &= \mu^2 \text{Tr} \left(H M X X^T M H \right) - \frac{\mu^2 \text{Tr} \left(H_{*i} H_{i*} M X X^T M H \right)}{1 + H_{ii}} \\
 &\quad - \frac{\mu^2 \text{Tr} \left(H M X X^T M H_{*i} H_{i*} \right)}{1 + H_{ii}} \\
 &\quad + \frac{\mu^2 \text{Tr} \left(H_{*i} H_{i*} M X X^T M H_{*i} H_{i*} \right)}{(1 + H_{ii})^2} \\
 &= \mu^2 \text{Tr} \left(H M X X^T M H \right) - \frac{2\mu^2 \text{Tr} \left(H_{*i} H_{i*} M X X^T M H \right)}{1 + H_{ii}} \\
 &\quad + \frac{\mu^2 H_{i*} H_{*i} H_{i*} M X X^T M H_{*i}}{(1 + H_{ii})^2} \\
 &= \mu^2 \text{Tr} \left(H M X X^T M H \right) - \frac{2\mu^2 H_{i*} M X X^T M H H_{*i}}{1 + H_{ii}} \\
 &\quad + \frac{\mu^2 H_{i*} H_{*i} H_{i*} M X X^T M H_{*i}}{(1 + H_{ii})^2} \quad (2)
 \end{aligned}$$